

Policy code	DTP_IPB_0722
Date	July, 2022
Purpose	To ensure a consistent procedural approach to ipratropium bromide administration.
Scope	Applies to all Queensland Ambulance Service (QAS) clinical staff.
Health care setting	Pre-hospital assessment and treatment.
Population	Applies to all ages unless specifically mentioned.
Source of funding	Internal – 100%
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Ipratropium bromide

Drug class

Anticholinergic agent^[1]

Pharmacology

Ipratropium bromide is an antimuscarinic agent which promotes bronchodilation by inhibiting cholinergic bronchomotor tone.^[1]

Metabolism

Hepatic with excretion by the kidneys.^[1]



- **Moderate bronchospasm** (unresponsive to initial QAS salbutamol NEB)
- Severe bronchospasm

Contraindications

- Allergy AND/OR Adverse Drug Reaction
- Patients less than 1 year of age

Precautions

• Glaucoma

- Dilated pupils
- Dry mouth
- Palpitations

• Nebule, 250 microg/1 mL *ipratropium bromide monohydrate*

1.5–3 minutes (peak 1.5–2 hours) 4–6 hours

Schedule

• S4 (Restricted drugs).

Routes of administration

Nebuliser (NEB)



3 hours



Special notes

- Ambulance officers must only administer medications for the listed indications and dosing range. Any consideration for treatment outside the listed scope of practice requires mandatory approval via the QAS Clinical Consultation and Advice Line.
- Nebulised ipratropium bromide must not be administered in isolation. It must be administered in conjunction with nebulised salbutamol – solutions may be mixed and administered via the same nebuliser mask.

Paediatric dosages^[1-3]

 Moderate bronchospasm (unresponsive to initial QAS salbutamol NEB)
Severe bronchospasm

ACP ACP ACP

≥ 6 years – **500 microg** Repeated at **20 minute** intervals.
Total maximum dose – **1.5 mg**.

1–5 years – **250 microg**

Repeated at **20 minute** intervals. **Total maximum dose – 750 microg.**

Adult dosages^[1-3]

- Moderate bronchospasm (unresponsive to initial QAS salbutamol NEB)
- Severe bronchospasm



NEB 500 microg

Repeated at **20 minute** intervals. **Total maximum dose – 1.5 mg.**

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